1989-90 to those States which implemented prohibition policy?

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that Tamil Nadu was not given this compensation despite several reminders; and

(c) whether Government have now taken a decision to pay the arrears and also compensate the revenue loss Tamil Nadu is incurring currently due to cheap liquor prohibition?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) The Government of India had decided to compensate the States to the extent of 50% for the established loss of excise revenue resulting from the implementation of the prohibition policy, each year commencing from 1978-79 (and not from 1977-78), treating the actual excise revenue of 1977-78 as the base. The State Governments were to devise its own ways and means of meeting the balance loss. The State Governments were not to be compensated for possible increase which might have occurred in excise revenue, cost of enforcement etc. The established loss of revenue was to be computed on the basis of figures of State excise revenue as certified by the State Accountant General. The scheme was to be in operation till 1983-84. The scheme was not applicable to Gujarat and Tamil Nadu as both were dry States. The State Government of Tamil Nadu liberalised prohibition law from 21.5.1991 under which the consumption of toddy, arrack of IMEL was permitted subject to certain conditions.

In November, 1984, the then Ministry of Social Welfare (Now Ministry of Welfare) informed the State Governments that it had been decided to continue the compensation to the State Governments, including Tamil Nadu, to the extent of 50% of the established loss in excise revenue, in each year, commencing from 1984-85, treating the actual excise revenue of 1977-78 as the base. The scheme remained in operation till 1989-90.

(b) Government of Tamil Nadu in May, 1986 requested the Government of India that the compensation should be worked out on the basis of the loss that may accrue in the year subsequent to 1984-85 and the base year should be 1984-85 with reference to which the actual excise revenue for the next 5 years should be calculated. The request of the State Government could not be agreed to.

(c) At present there is no scheme in the Central Government to give compensation to States which introduce prohibition.

Telecast of Documentaries on Birth and Death Anniversaries of National Leaders

1451. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) the number of documentaries and relevant features telecast on T.V. on the birth and death anniversaries of political and national leaders on national network from June, 1994 to July, 1995;

(b) the names of such leaders and time allotted to each documentary and feature; and

(c) the name, of agency and production cost of each episode?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) to (c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the the Table of the House.

Cooperative Cotton Yarn Mills in Madhya Pradesh

1452. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cooperative cotton yarn mills in Madhya Pradesh as on date, district-wise;

(b) whether these mills are capable to meet the demands of handloom and powerloom industries;

(c) whether there is any proposal to set up new cotton yarn mills in Cooperative Sector; and

(d) if so, the number and location of the new mills proposed to be set up during the VIII Five Year Plan in that State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) There were two cotton/man-made fibre textile spinning mills in the State of Madhya Pradesh situated in the district of Khandwa and Khargone under co-operative sector as on 31.10.95.

(b) Demand of yarn for handloom and powerloom sectors is met out of the production of yarn by all the textile mills within the State and outside, and not by the cooperative spinning mills alone.

(c) and (d) As per the Liberalised Industrial Policy, notified on 25.7.91, there is no restriction on the setting up of cotton textile mills, except for certain textile locational restrictions, irrespective of whether the proposed mills are in the public, private or cooperative sector.

भारतीय यूनिट ट्रस्ट द्वारा किया गया निवेश

1453. **श्री कनकसिंह मोहनसिंह मंगरोला:** क्या वित्त मंत्री बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:-

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान भारतीय यूनिट ट्रस्ट द्वारा पश्चिमी भारत में विशेष रूप से मुम्बई, और गुजरात में स्थित राष्ट्रीय औद्योगिक इकाइयों में वर्ष-वार कुल कितना-कितना निवेश किया गया;

(ख) उक्त इकाइयों में कुल कितना निवेश किया गया और उनके संबंध में रखी गई शर्तों का ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) भारतीय यूनिट ट्रस्ट द्वारा इस संबंध में क्या मानदंड अपनाए गए हैं;

(घ) क्या उक्त अवधि के दौरान इस संबंध में सरकार से कुछ शिकायतें की गई हैं; यदि हां, तो ऐसी शिकायतें कितनी हैं; और

(ङ) उन पर सरकार की प्रतिक्रिया क्या है और क्या ऐसी शिकायतों के संबंध में कोई विस्तृत कार्यवाही की गई है?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (डॉ॰ देवीप्रसाद पाल): (क) से (ङ) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

LPT Projects in Maharashtra

1454. SHRI SATISH PRADHAN: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) The number of LPT projects approved/ completed so far in Maharashtra alongwith the proposals under execution for completion during the current year with names of places;

(b) details of the proposals sought to be approved under consideration and likely time for approval alongwith the target for the current year;

(c) what are the other, major projects currently under execution and progress reported thereon-project wise in Maharashtra;

(d) the details of important proposals from Maharashtra which are in pipeline at various stages of decision making process?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI P.M. SAYEED): (a) to (d) The work on implementation of 8 (eight) Low Power Transmitter (LPT) projects have been completed, till date, in the current financial year in Maharashtra. The locations of such transmitters are given in statement-I *(see* below*)*. Out of these, 5 LPTs viz. Meheker, Chikli, Brahmapuri, Nagpur DD-II and Arvi have since been commissioned into service. TV projects which are expected to be made ready during the remaining period of 1995-96 in the State, subject to availability of infrastructural facilities and timely supply of equipment, are given in statement-II *(see* below*)*.

The details of various other TV projects which are, at present, under implementation in the State of Maharasthra are given in statement-III *(see* below*)*. These projects are at various stages of implementation and are expected to be completed, in phases, by 1997-98, subject to availability of requisite infrastructural facilities, timely supply of equipment and *interse* priorities.

With a view to further strengthen/ augment TV service in Maharshtra, a number of TV projects are envisaged to be set up in the State depending on availability of adequate resources for the purpose and *inter-se* priorities. The requisite details are given in Statement-IV *(see* below*)*.